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#### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSIONS REQUIREMENTS

Your new Midland 13-879 is a combination receiver-transmitter designed and built for licensed Class D operation on any of the 23 frequencies designated as citizens band channels by the Federal Communications Commission. You are required to read and understand Part 95 of the F.C.C. rules and regulations prior to operation of this unit. Part 95 regulations are available for \$2.00 from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington D.C. 20402. You are also required to complete F.C.C. form 505 and submit it to the F.C.C. in order to receive your license to operate this unit. F.C.C. regulations will be violated if you transmit with this unit prior to receipt of your license.

#### NOTE

The technical information, diagrams, and charts provided in this manual are supplied for the use of a qualified holder of a first or second class radiotelephone license in servicing this transceiver. It is the users responsibility to see that this unit is operating at all times in accordance with the F.C.C. Citizens Radio Service regulations.

If you install or service your own transceiver, do not attempt to make any transmitter tuning adjustment. Transmitter adjustments are prohibited by the F.C.C. unless you hold a first or second class radiotelephone license or are in the presence of a person holding such a license. A Citizens Band or Amateur license is not sufficient.

MIDLAND ELECTRONICS COMPANY HEREBY CERTIFIES THAT THIS UNIT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 6, PART 95 OF THE CURRENT FCC RULES AND REGULATIONS AS OF THE DATE OF MANUFACTURE.

#### OWNERS GUIDE

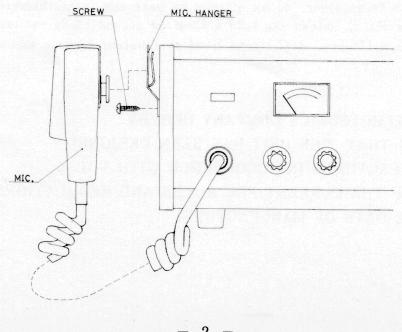
Your 13.879 is a versatile, professional quality transceiver and we strongly suggest that you read this Owners Guide carefully before operation so that you may receive full benefit from its many features.

#### DESCRIPTION

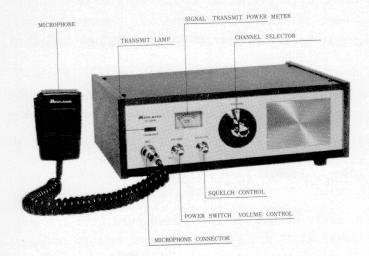
The Midland 13-879 employs all silicon transistors in both the receiver and transmitter to provide reliable communication in the 27MHz citizens band.

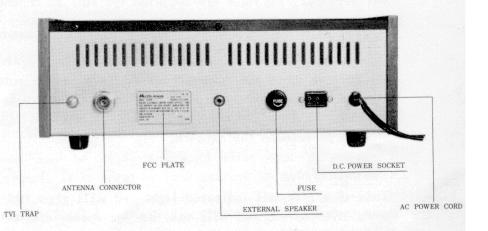
Channel selection is easy, a single 23-position channel selector provides simultaneous selection of both transmit and receive frequencies. All receive and transmit crystals for 23-channel are supplied and it is not necessary to buy extra crystals.

Other outstanding features in your new 13-879 are variable squelch for Quiet standby, automatic gain control, high sensitivity dual conversion receiver, push-to-talk microphone with coiled retractable cord and compact light weight construction.



## OPERATION OF CONTROLS





#### VOLUME CONTROL

This is the speaker volume control. Rotate to the right to increase the volume. This control does not affect the transmitting output.

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#### VOLUME CONTROL

This is the speaker volume control. Rotate the volume control to the right to increase the volume. This control does not affect the transmitting output.

#### CHANNEL SELECTOR

Controls both transmitter and receiver frequencies simultaneously and may be set to any of the 23 positions indicated. All necessary crystals are supplied for full 23 channel operation.

#### SQUELCH

Quiets the receiver when signals are not being received and allows a quiet standby operation. It functions only in the receive mode and does not affect the receiver volume when signals are being received. To adjust: When no signals are present, rotate the squelch control clockwise until the receiver is quieted. Incoming signals will automatically release the squelch. Careful adjustment is necessary as settings too far to the right will not allow weaker signals to release the squelch.

#### **TX LIGHT**

This is a transmit indicator light and will glow red when the push-to-talk button is pressed. This light also indicates modulation levels and will vary as you speak into the microphone.

#### EXTERNAL SPEAKER

A speaker jack is provided for use with an external speaker. Use a standard 3.5mm two circuit plug for this jack. When the plug is inserted, the built-in speaker in the set is automatically disconnected and the speaker which you have connected to the plug operates.

#### MICROPHONE PTT (Push-to-talk)

The microphone is the push-to-talk type and controls both the transmitter and receiver. To transmit, press and hold the push-to-talk switch on the microphone. Hold the microphone 2 to 3 inches from your mouth and speak in a normal tone of voice. To receive, release the push-to-talk switch. A microphone mounting clip is supplied and may be attached to the side of the cabinet.

#### SIGNAL (Output Meter)

In the receive position, it measures the relative strength of incoming signals. In the transmit position, it measures the relative output power of your transmitter.

#### AUTOMATIC NOISE LIMITER

The automatic noise limiter is designed to reduce excessive noise such as ignition, motor, and electrical interference.

#### ANTENNA INSTALLATION

Any citizens band beam, dipole, ground plane or vertical antenna may be used, a ground plane type antenna will provide greater coverage, and since it is essentially non-directional, it is ideal in base station to mobile operation.

From base station to base station or point-to-point operation a directional beam will give greater distance even under adverse conditions. The range of the transceiver depends greatly on the height of the antenna so, whenever possible, select the highest location within F.C.C. limits. (These regulations limit the antenna height to 20 feet above an existing structure). Generally, a maximum of 26 feet of coax lead-in cable should be used to minimize line losses. A desirable antenna location however, may justify the slight loss in extra lead-in length. Whatever the type of antenna selected, it is important that it be properly adjusted and matched and the connecting transmission line be in good condition so as to avoid a high VSWR (voltage standing wave ratio). A VSWR over 2 to 1 results in reduced radiated power and may cause instability and damage to the final output stage of the transceiver. A VSWR bridge should be used initially after antenna installation and periodically thereafter in order to insure that the antenna is in proper working order. VSWR should always be checked after a storm with high winds or icing conditions or whenever there is any reason to suspect the possibility of damage to the antenna or transmission line.

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## GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The explanations of operating controls and functions should be read and understood before actual operation of this unit

- 1. Plug in the microphone and check to be sure that the antenna and power cables are properly connected. CAUTION: Do not transmit until an antenna or suitable dummy load has been connected to the coax antenna output jack.
- 2. Set the channel selector to the desired channel.
- 3. Initially, set the squelch control fully counterclockwise.
- 4. Turn the set on and adjust the volume control to the desired level.
- 5. To transmit, press and hold the push-to-talk switch on the microphone. Hold the microphone 2 to 3 inches from your mouth and speak in a normal tone of voice. To receive, release the push-to-talk switch.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Circuitry:	21 transistors, 12 diodes.		
Frequency Control:	$\pm 0.005\%$ crystal		
Channels:	23-all supplied		
Controls:	Volume, variable squelch, channel selector		
Jacks and Connections:	Jack for microphone, external antenna, external speaker, and DC power		
	socket.		
Power Source:	117 Volts AC, 13.8 Volts DC.		

Speaker: Microphone: Size: Accessories Included: Weight:

#### **Receiving System:**

Audio Output Power:

Intermediate Frequency:

Sensitivity:

Band Width:

Squelch Range:

2-3/4" dynamic Dynamic wide  $17\frac{3}{8}$  deep  $8\frac{1}{2}$  high  $4\frac{5}{8}$ Microphone with coiled cord, DC power cord and mike hanger with hardwares. 8.4 lbs.

#### RECEIVER

Dual conversion superheterodyne with tuned RF, AGC, automatic noise limiting circuit. 0.5 uv for 10 db (S + N)/N6.0 KHz at 6 db down Spurious Rejection Ratio: 50 db 3.5 watts .75 to 500 microvolts 1 st  $10.595 \sim 10.635$  MHz: 2 nd 455 KHz: 455 KHz

#### TRANSMITTER

High level Class B 5 watts 2.8 watts or more

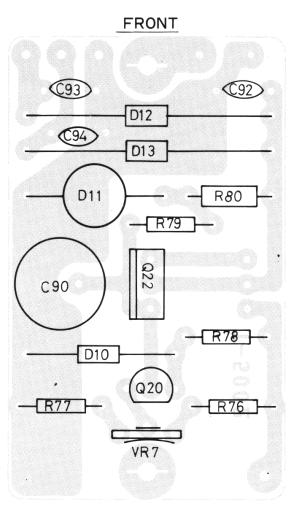
Modulation: RF Input Power: RF Output Power:

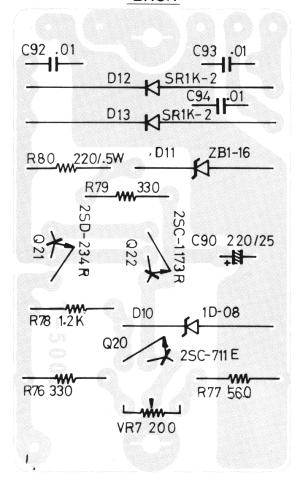
## FREQUENCY SYNTHESIZER CRYSTAL COMBINATION LIST

<ul> <li>(A) Group 6 pcs.</li> <li>X<sup>1</sup> 37.60 MHz</li> <li>X<sup>2</sup> 37.65 MHz</li> <li>X<sup>3</sup> 37.70 MHz</li> <li>X<sup>4</sup> 37.75 MHz</li> <li>X<sup>5</sup> 37.80 MHz</li> <li>X<sup>6</sup> 37.85 MHz</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(B) Group 4 pcs.</li> <li>(Transmitting)</li> <li>X<sup>7</sup> 10.635 MHz</li> <li>X<sup>8</sup> 10.625 MHz</li> <li>X<sup>9</sup> 10.615 MHz</li> <li>X<sup>10</sup> 10.595 MHz</li> </ul>	(C) Group 4 pcs. (Receiving) X <sup>11</sup> 10.18 MHz X <sup>12</sup> 10.17 MHz X <sup>13</sup> 10.16 MHz X <sup>14</sup> 10.14 MHz	
CHANNEL	<b>FREQUENCY</b> (MHz)	Combination (Transmit)	Combination (Receive)
1.	26.965	X <sup>1</sup> -X <sup>7</sup>	X <sup>1</sup> -X <sup>11</sup>
2.	26.975	X <sup>1</sup> -X <sup>8</sup>	$X^{1} - X^{12}$
3.	26.985	X <sup>1</sup> – X <sup>9</sup>	X <sup>1</sup> – X <sup>13</sup>
4.	27.005	X 1 – X 10	X1-X14
5.	27.015	$X^2 - X^7$	X <sup>2</sup> -X <sup>11</sup>
6.	27.025	X <sup>2</sup> -X <sup>8</sup>	X <sup>2</sup> -X <sup>12</sup>
7.	27.035	X <sup>2</sup> -X <sup>9</sup>	X <sup>2</sup> -X <sup>13</sup>
8.	27.055	$X^2 - X^{10}$	X <sup>2</sup> -X <sup>14</sup>
9.	27.065	X <sup>3</sup> – X <sup>7</sup>	X <sup>3</sup> -X <sup>11</sup>
10.	27.075	X <sup>3</sup> -X <sup>8</sup>	X <sup>3</sup> -X <sup>12</sup>
11.	27.085	X <sup>3</sup> – X <sup>9</sup>	X <sup>3</sup> -X <sup>13</sup>
12.	27.105	X <sup>3</sup> -X <sup>10</sup>	X <sup>3</sup> – X <sup>14</sup>
13.	27.115	X <sup>4</sup> -X <sup>7</sup>	X <sup>4</sup> -X <sup>11</sup>
14.	27.125	X <sup>4</sup> -X <sup>8</sup>	X <sup>4</sup> -X <sup>12</sup>
15.	27.135	X4-X9	X <sup>4</sup> -X <sup>13</sup>
16.	27.155	X <sup>4</sup> -X <sup>10</sup>	X <sup>4</sup> -X <sup>14</sup>
17.	27.165	X <sup>5</sup> X <sup>7</sup>	X <sup>5</sup> – X <sup>11</sup>
18.	27.175	X <sup>5</sup> – X <sup>8</sup>	$X^{5} - X^{12}$
19.	27.185	X <sup>5</sup> – X <sup>9</sup>	X <sup>5</sup> – X <sup>13</sup>
20.	27.205	X <sup>5</sup> – X <sup>10</sup>	X <sup>5</sup> – X <sup>14</sup>
21.	27.215	X <sup>6</sup> – X <sup>7</sup>	X <sup>6</sup> -X <sup>11</sup>
22.	27.225	X <sup>6</sup> -X <sup>8</sup>	X <sup>6</sup> -X <sup>12</sup>
23.	27.255	X <sup>6</sup> -X <sup>10</sup>	X <sup>6</sup> -X <sup>14</sup>

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## PARTS LAYOUT OF VOLTAGE REGULATOR UNIT

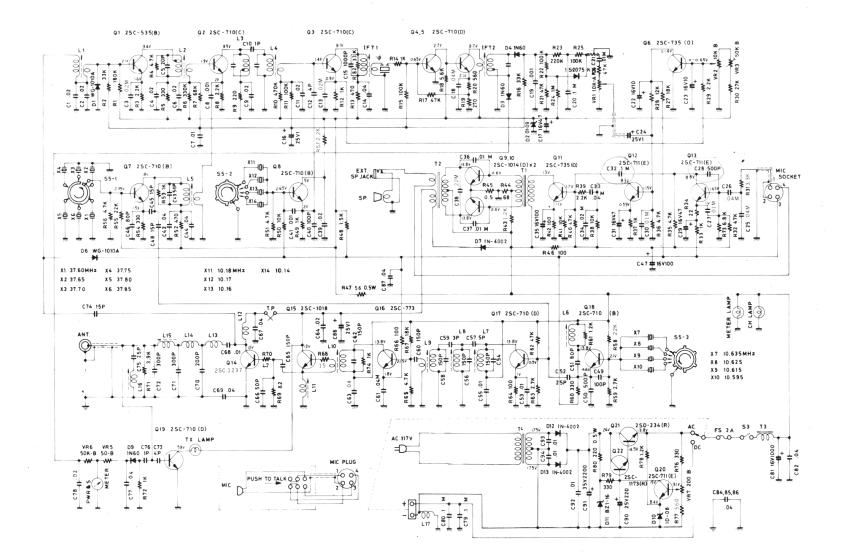




BACK

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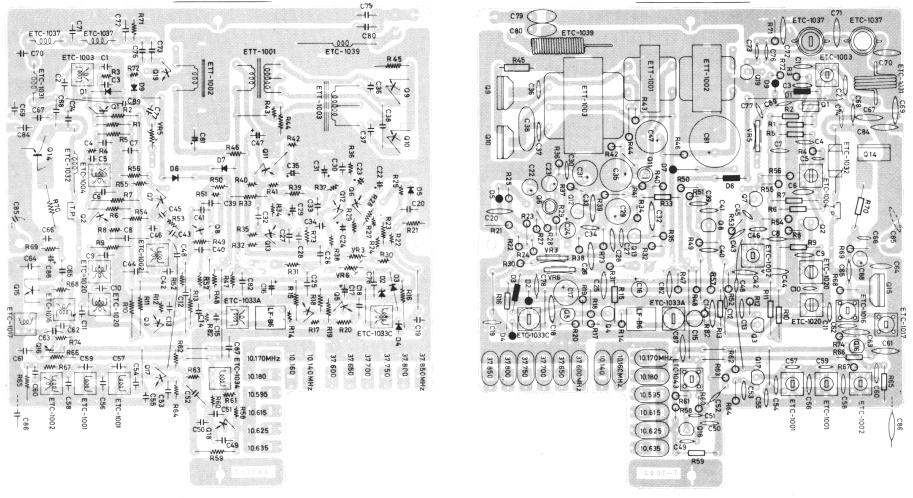
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

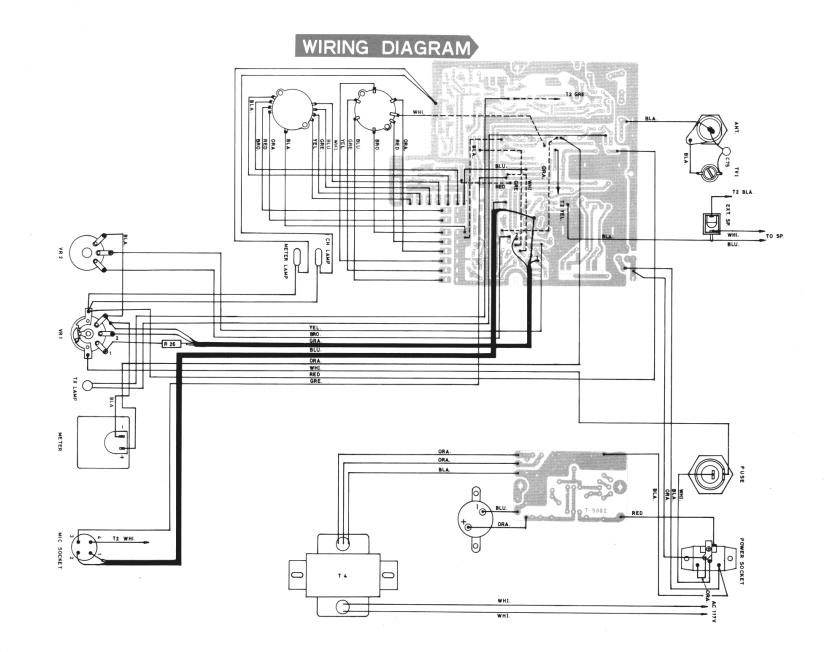


PARTS LAYOUT

BACK VIEW

FRONT VIEW





#### WARRANTY POLICY

Midland Electronics Company warrants each new Midland product to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of 90 days after delivery to the ultimate user and will replace or repair the product at our option, at no charge should it become defective and which our examination shall disclose to be defective and under warranty.

This warranty shall not apply to any Midland product which has been subject to misuse, neglect, accident, incorrect wiring not of our own installation, or to use in violation of instructions furnished by us, nor extended to units which have been repaired or altered outside of our factory.

This warranty does not cover carrying cases, earphones, batteries, antenna, broken or cracked cabinets, or any other accessory used in connection with this product.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied and no representative or person is authorized to assume for us any other liability in connection with the sale of our products.

Sales receipt must accompany product to validate the date of purchase.

## Midland Electronics Company

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