

MITSUBISHI RF POWER TRANSISTOR 2SC1969

NPN EPITAXIAL PLANAR TYPE

DESCRIPTION

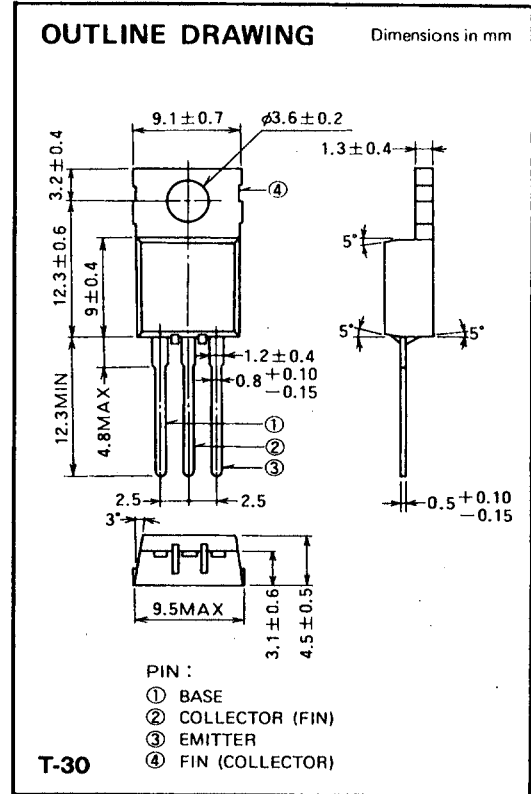
2SC1969 is a silicon NPN epitaxial planar type transistor designed for RF power amplifiers on HF band mobile radio applications.

FEATURES

- High power gain: $G_{pe} \geq 12\text{dB}$
@ $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $P_O = 16\text{W}$, $f = 27\text{MHz}$
- Emitter ballasted construction for high reliability and good performances.
- TO-220 package similarly is convenient for mounting.
- Ability of withstanding infinite load VSWR when operated at $V_{CC} = 16\text{V}$, $P_O = 20\text{W}$, $f = 27\text{MHz}$.
- Equivalent input/output series impedance:
 $Z_{in} = 3.4 - j2.4 \Omega$ @ $P_O = 17\text{W}$, $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $f = 27\text{MHz}$
 $Z_{out} = 5.5 - j5.6 \Omega$

APPLICATION

10 to 14 watts output power class AB amplifiers applications in HF band.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
V_{CBO}	Collector to base voltage		60	V
V_{EBO}	Emitter to base voltage		5	V
V_{CEO}	Collector to emitter voltage	$R_{BE} = \infty$	25	V
I_C	Collector current		6	A
P_C	Collector dissipation	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.7	W
		$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	20	W
T_j	Junction temperature		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}	Storage temperature		-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
R_{th-a}	Thermal resistance	Junction to ambient	73.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{th-c}		Junction to case	6.25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Note. Above parameters are guaranteed independently.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter to base breakdown voltage	$I_E = 5\text{mA}$, $I_C = 0$	5			V
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector to base breakdown voltage	$I_C = 1\text{mA}$, $I_E = 0$	60			V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector to emitter breakdown voltage	$I_C = 10\text{mA}$, $R_{BE} = \infty$	25			V
I_{CBO}	Collector cutoff current	$V_{CB} = 30\text{V}$, $I_E = 0$			100	μA
I_{EBO}	Emitter cutoff current	$V_{EB} = 4\text{V}$, $I_C = 0$			100	μA
h_{FE}	DC forward current gain*	$V_{CE} = 12\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{mA}$	10	50	180	—
P_O	Output power	$V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $P_{in} = 1\text{w}$, $f = 27\text{MHz}$	16	18		W
η_C	Collector efficiency		60	70		%

Note. *Pulse test, $P_W = 150\mu\text{s}$, duty=5%.

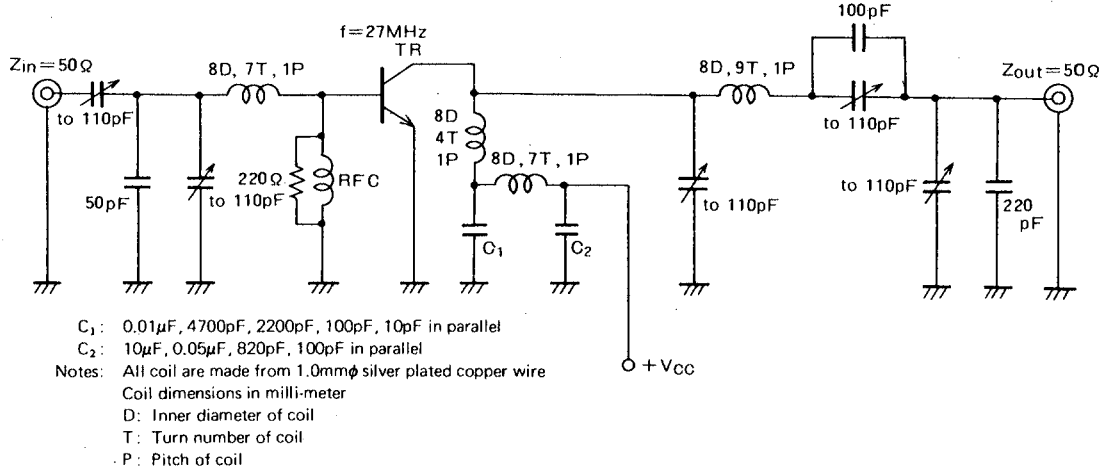
Above parameters, ratings, limits and conditions are subject to change.

Item	X	A	B	C	D
h_{FE}	10-25	20-45	35-70	55-110	90-180

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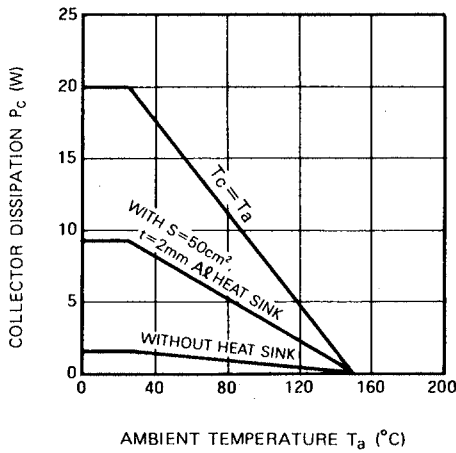
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TEST CIRCUIT

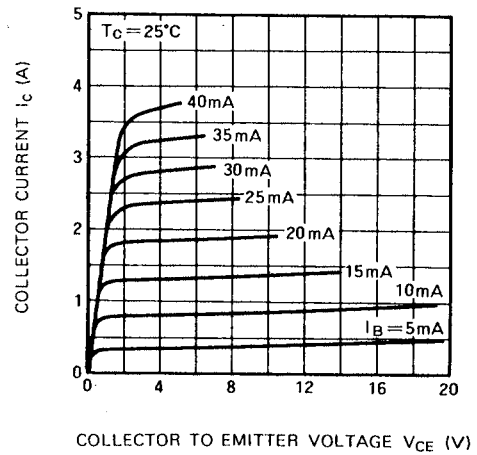


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE DATA

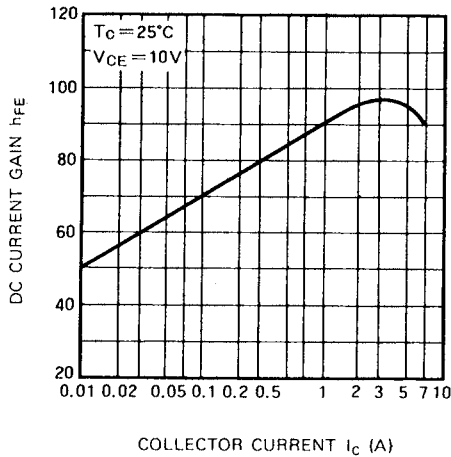
COLLECTOR DISSIPATION VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



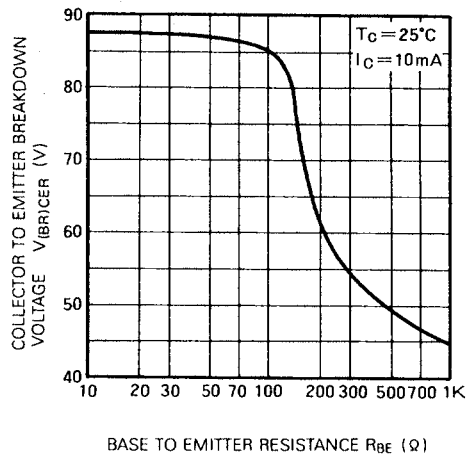
COLLECTOR CURRENT VS. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



DC CURRENT GAIN VS. COLLECTOR CURRENT



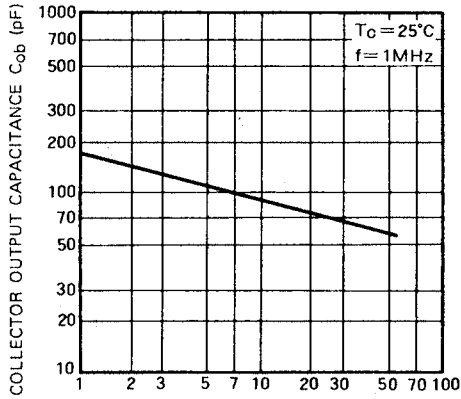
COLLECTOR TO EMITTER BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE VS. BASE TO EMITTER RESISTANCE



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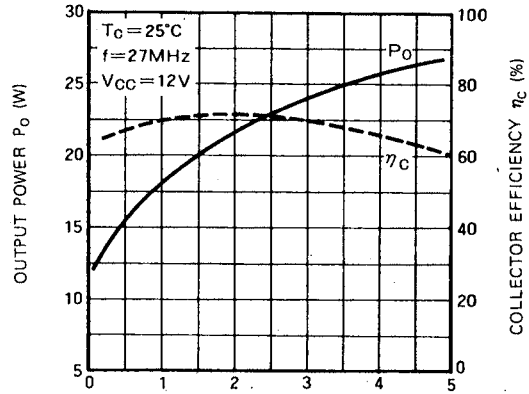
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COLLECTOR OUTPUT CAPACITANCE VS. COLLECTOR TO BASE VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS



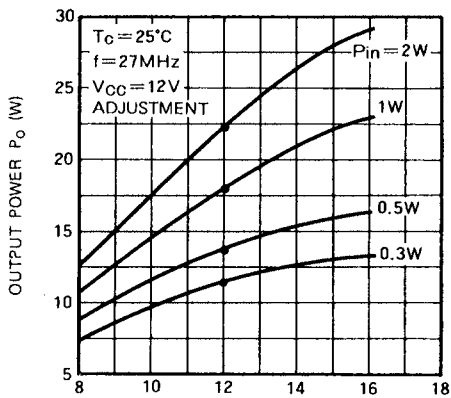
COLLECTOR TO BASE VOLTAGE V_{CB} (V)

OUTPUT POWER, COLLECTOR EFFICIENCY VS. INPUT POWER



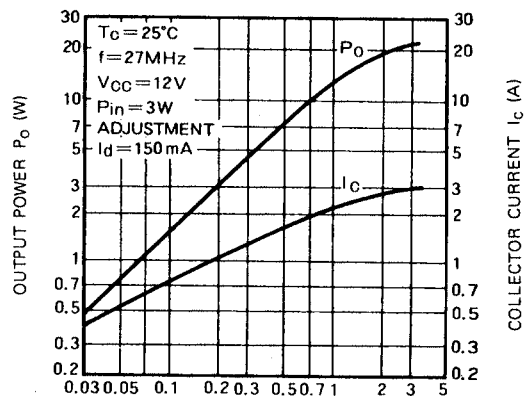
INPUT POWER P_{in} (W)

OUTPUT POWER VS. COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE



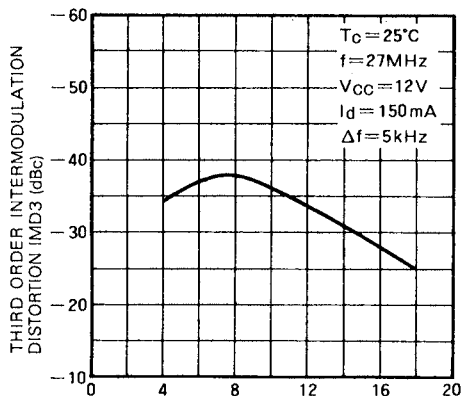
COLLECTOR SUPPLY VOLTAGE V_{CC} (V)

IN CASE AB OPERATING OUTPUT POWER COLLECTOR CURRENT VS. INPUT POWER



INPUT POWER P_{in} (W)

THIRD ORDER INTERMODULATION DISTORTION VS. OUTPUT POWER



OUTPUT POWER LEVEL (PEP) (W)